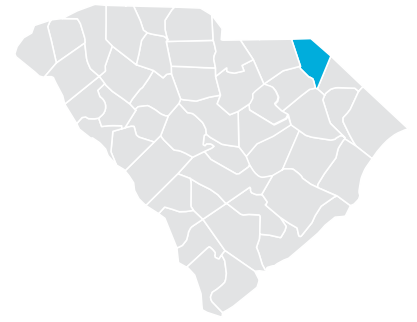


# MARION COUNTY



## Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) reported by adults

0 ACEs = **47.4%**    1 ACE = **29.3%**    2 ACEs = **11.7%**    3 ACEs = **4.0%**    4+ ACEs = **7.4%**



Note: Data was collected via the South Carolina Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2014-16 and 2019-21, managed locally by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control.

# MARION COUNTY

## South Carolina County Rankings

All 46 counties are ranked from first (1) to last (46). In addition to the overall ranking, each county has a domain and indicator ranking.

1 Allendale	10 Clarendon	21 Fairfield	31 Kershaw	41 Aiken
2 Marion	12 Orangeburg	22 Pickens	32 Greenwood	42 Berkeley
3 Edgefield	13 Lancaster	23 Colleton	33 Barnwell	43 Laurens
4 Marlboro	13 Lee	24 Darlington	34 Charleston	44 Lexington
5 Saluda	15 Sumter	25 Abbeville	35 Anderson	45 Richland
6 McCormick	16 Georgetown	26 Beaufort	36 Jasper	46 Dorchester
7 Calhoun	17 Florence	27 Newberry	37 Spartanburg	
8 Hampton	18 Bamberg	28 Oconee	38 Cherokee	
9 Williamsburg	19 Chester	29 Union	39 Horry	
10 Chesterfield	20 Dillon	30 Greenville	40 York	

### Why is this important?

This data profile shows the prevalence of adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) for adults in Marion County. An adult could have experienced one or more ACE throughout their childhood.

ACEs are serious childhood traumas that result in toxic stress, which can harm a child’s brain and development. Toxic stress may prevent a child from learning, playing in a healthy way with other children, and can result in long term health problems. ACEs are common in South Carolina, which puts our population at risk for many poor health and social outcomes.

### What can you do?

- **Collaborate** with your community to make data-driven decisions using this profile, including when developing a plan for action to address ACEs.
- **Educate** and raise community awareness about these statistics.
- **Advocate** by using this profile for grant writing, policy statements, and presentations to key policy stakeholders in your community.

### How can you learn more?

Children’s Trust can assist you and your community in your efforts to prevent the negative consequences of ACEs:

- **Host an ACE training**
- **Host a protective factors training**
- **Have a community conversation**
- **Review ACE questions and research**

### Where does the data come from?

South Carolina’s ACE data comes from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) which is a national health survey administered by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The BRFSS is a phone-based survey that asks residents of South Carolina older than 18 to answer questions about a wide variety of health and social conditions.

ACE data has been collected in South Carolina as part of the BRFSS since 2014. Children’s Trust of South Carolina partnered with South Carolina’s Department of Health and Environmental Control (S.C. DHEC) to collect data for the years 2014-2016, 2019 and 2021.

### ACE types assessed:

- Physical abuse
- Sexual abuse
- Emotional abuse
- Mental illness
- Household substance use
- Incarceration
- Parental divorce/separation
- Domestic violence

Responses to ACE questions only indicate whether a participant has experienced a particular ACE, not how severe or frequently it occurred.

ACEs and other BRFSS data are weighted to be representative of the South Carolina adult population. This means that the data presented in profile is representative of the adult population within that county, which is important to consider when drawing conclusions about the data.